AUSTIN ENERGY

PURCHASE SPECIFICATION

FOR

TRANSFORMER, DISTRIBUTION, WYE-DELTA, THREE-PHASE, PAD-MOUNTED, DEADFRONT, DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

2500 KVA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>PREPARED BY</th>
<th>ISSUANCE/REVISION</th>
<th>APPROVAL PROCESS SUPV. / MATERIALS SUPV.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>03-22-17</td>
<td>Brantley Gosey</td>
<td>Issuance</td>
<td>MICHAEL PITTMAN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>08-08-17</td>
<td>OBAID REHMAN</td>
<td>Revision</td>
<td>MICHAEL PITTMAN</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REASON FOR REVISION</th>
<th>AFFECTED PARAGRAPHS</th>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This specification, until rescinded, shall apply to each future purchase and contract for the commodity described herein.
Retain for future reference.
1.1 SCOPE AND CLASSIFICATION

1.2 Scope

This specification describes the minimum acceptable requirements for 3-phase, pad-mounted, 60-Hertz, Grounded Wye-Delta, ungrounded source, natural ester fluid, self-cooled, compartmental type, dead front distribution transformers, rated 2500 kVA. Primary voltage rating 12470GrdY/7200 and secondary voltage rating 480D/277.

The transformers supplied under this specification are intended for use on concrete slabs and shall be designed for serving underground distribution electrical facilities. The City of Austin Electric Utility Department is hereinafter referred to as Austin Energy (AE).

1.3 Classification

Any item supplied under these specifications, but not in complete compliance with these specifications, shall be subject to rejection.

All manufacturers furnishing transformers under these specifications shall have at least five years of experience in the manufacture and sale of 3-phase- pad-mounted distribution transformers.

2.0 APPLICABLE SPECIFICATIONS

Transformers supplied in accordance with this specification shall comply with applicable provisions of the latest NEMA, IEEE, ANSI, ASTM, NESC, and NEC standards relating to distribution transformers. In the case of conflict between any of the standards mentioned in this specification and the contents of this document, the AE specification shall govern. All characteristics, definitions, and terminology, except that specifically covered in this specification, shall be in accordance with the latest revisions of the following standards:

2.1 C57.12.00

General Requirements for Liquid-Immersed Distribution, Power and Regulating Transformers

2.2 C57.12.26

Pad-Mounted, Compartmental-Type, Self-Cooled, Three-Phase Distribution Transformers with Separable Insulated High-Voltage Connectors; High Voltage, (34,500 GrdY/19,920 Volts and Below and 2500 kVA and Smaller Requirements).

2.3 C57.12.28

Switchgear and Transformers - Pad-Mounted Equipment - Enclosure Integrity

2.4 C57.12.34

IEEE Standard Requirements for Pad-Mounted, Compartmental-Type, Self-Cooled, Three-Phase Distribution Transformers (2500 kVA and Smaller) - High Voltage: 34500GrdY/19920 Volts and Below; Low-Voltage: 480 Volt 2500 kVA and Smaller.
2.5 C57.12.70
Terminal Markings and Connections for Distribution Power Transformers

2.6 C57.12.80
Standard Terminology for Power and Distribution Transformers

2.7 C57.12.90

2.8 NEMA TR-1
Transformers, Regulators, and Reactors

2.10 C.57.147
Acceptance and Maintenance of Natural Ester Fluids in Transformers

2.11 DOE CFR Title 10, Volume 3, Chapter II, Subchapter D, Part 431, Subpart K
Distribution Transformers

3.0 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

4.0

4.1 FUSING

2500 kVA transformers shall be equipped with a Cooper Power Systems silver-plated bayonet draw-out fuse holder assembly #4038804B03M or buyer approved equivalent with high amp overload expulsion fuse or solid link in series with a partial-range, ester fluid immersed, current-limiting fuse as listed below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KVA</th>
<th>Loop-Feed Cooper Fuse Link #</th>
<th>Both Cooper ELSP #</th>
<th>Radial Feed Cooper Solid Link #</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2500</td>
<td>4038361C05CB</td>
<td>CBUC15125C100*</td>
<td>403861C10CB</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Indicates parallel fuse application – use two (2) fuses

Bay-o-net type fuses shall be designed so that the fuses can be removed by using a hot stick. A metal oil-drip shield shall be furnished directly beneath the bay-o-net fuse. Lead connections to the partial-range current-limiting fuse shall be made using bolts, to assure solid electrical and mechanical connections.

4.2 BUSHINGS AND TERMINALS
The primary bushings and parking stands for the loop-feed dead-front transformers shall be arranged as per the following:

Loop-feed dead-front transformers shall be constructed according to IEEE C57.12.26 Figures 6A and 7. The transformer shall be provided with six high voltage bushing wells (IEEE 386), externally clamped, and eight parking stands to permit operating the transformer in a looped primary system. The high-voltage leads shall be of such length as to permit field replacement of bushing wells.

All bushing wells shall have a removal stud for field replacement.

Low-voltage line and neutral terminals shall be in accordance with IEEE C57.12.26 Figure 7 and 8(a).

All secondary terminals shall be tin-plated copper and shall be in compliance with IEEE C57.12.26, Figures 9(a), 9(b), or 9(c), except that the number of holes in the terminals shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transformer</th>
<th>Spade Terminal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>150 KVA and above</td>
<td>10-hole</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ten-hole and larger spades shall be furnished with additional insulated support, at the end farthest from the tank wall, without interfering with the use of any of the ten holes (Attachment III).

LV spade termination support brackets shall be mounted across and above the LV spades from the Low Voltage sidewall and the HV/LV steel barrier along with a horizontal strut. Tank wall support mounting is not allowed.

The low-voltage neutral bushing shall be an insulated bushing with a removable external ground connection. The ground strap shall be adequate to carry the fault current based on the rating of the transformer.

### 4.3 INTERNAL BUSHING LEADS

High-voltage bushing leads shall be trained and appropriately insulated to avoid dielectric breakdown between adjacent cables. Spacers, permanently held in place, should be used to prevent cables from failing phase-to-phase or phase-to-ground.

Low-voltage bushing leads shall create good electrical and strong mechanical connections.

### 4.4 HIGH-VOLTAGE TAPS

All transformers shall be provided with high-voltage taps as shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>High-Voltage Rating</th>
<th>KVA</th>
<th>Number of Taps</th>
<th>Size of Taps above and/or below Rated Voltage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12470Y/7200 V</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2 1/2% above &amp; below</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The tap-changer handle shall be mounted for external operation and located in the high-voltage compartment.

### 4.5 SWITCHING
Loop-feed transformers: A 3-phase, gang-operated, four-position, under ester fluid load break switch shall be supplied on all loop-feed transformers. The switch shall have a minimum load break rating of 200 amps and a 3-shot make-and-latch rating of 10,000 amps, symmetrical. The connections to be made in each switching position are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>POSITION</th>
<th>SOURCE “A”</th>
<th>SOURCE “B”</th>
<th>TRANSFORMER COIL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 – 12 o’clock</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 – 3 o’clock</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 – 6 o’clock</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 – 9 o’clock</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The switch positions shall be clearly marked as to whether the source or coil is on or off. The switch handle shall be located in the high-voltage compartment. The switch shall be operable with a hook stick. The switch shall be a T-Blade Switch, Cooper Part # LS4BH3T12B or buyer approved equivalent.

4.6 ACCESSORY EQUIPMENT

The following equipment and devices shall be provided on the size transformers indicated:

4.6.1. All transformers shall have an oil-drain valve, with the sampling device, located in the high-voltage compartment. The valve shall be a gate valve, not less than ½”.

4.6.2. All transformers shall have a liquid-level gauge in the high-voltage compartment.

4.6.3. All transformers shall have a temperature indicator in the high-voltage compartment.

4.6.4. All transformers shall be equipped with a resettable device (which can be reset by trained personnel only) which detects and provides an external indication of internal transformer faults, and also incorporates pressure relief functionality. The approved device is manufactured by IFD Corporation part number IFD-ORCA-10PSI-aA or approved equal.

4.6.5. TERMINAL MARKING AND ANGULAR DISPLACEMENT

Terminal designations shall be as per IEEE C57.12.70. Terminals shall be clearly marked with oil-resistant yellow paint.

The identification of terminal connections shall be shown on the nameplate.

The angular displacement between the high- and low-voltage terminals shall be as per Figure 10, IEEE C57.12.26.

4.6.6. NAMEPLATE

As described in IEEE C57.12.00, the contractor shall affix a durable metal nameplate to each transformer. The nameplate shall be located in the low-voltage compartment and shall be readable with the cables in place.
The nameplate shall be made from anodized aluminum or non-rust stainless steel. The information contained on the nameplates shall be inscribed and painted black.

The nameplate shall conform to IEEE C57.12.00: Nameplate B for 500 kVA and below and Nameplate C for 750 kVA and above. All information shall be in English and ft-pound-seconds (fps) non-metric units of measure.

The nameplate shall indicate the current-limiting fuse on a circuit diagram.

The nameplate shall contain a permanent bar code that meets the following requirements:

**Information:** The bar code shall display the Manufacturer Identification Code (see Attachment I) and manufacturer’s serial number.

**Durability:** The bar code shall last the lifetime of the transformer, as specified by IEEE C57.12.00, regarding the nameplate. The bar code shall be constructed such that, when using a contact-type bar code reader, the bar code shall be capable of a minimum of thirty successful scans.

**Dimensions:** The height of the bar code shall be either 0.24 inches or 15% of the bar-code length (L); whichever is greater (see Attachment II).

**Character Size:** The bar code print quality shall be in accordance with ANSI X3.182. The permanent bar code shall be of medium density, ranging from 4 to 6.9 characters per inch.

**Bar Code Symbology:** The bar code symbology shall be Code 39, also referred to as 3-of-9 bar code, using the 43-character ASCII set, in accordance with ANSI X3.4.

**The orientation of the Bar Code Characters:** The bar code characters shall be arranged in one line. A start character shall precede the manufacturer’s code and a stop character shall follow the transformer serial number (see Attachment II).

**Quiet Zones:** A minimum quiet zone of 0.25” shall immediately precede and follow the bar codes.

**Human-Readable Interpretation:** A human-readable interpretation line shall be provided directly beneath the bar code, in accordance with ANSI MH10.8M. The interpretation of the 3-of-9 bar code shall be clearly identifiable with the bar-code symbol above. The preferred shapes of the human-readable interpretation shall conform to either ANSI X3.17 or ANSI X3.49. As an alternative, any human-readable font with characters no less than 3/32” in height is acceptable.

4.7 K-FACTOR

The transformer shall have a K-factor rating of K-4.

K-factor in transformers is designed to reduce the heating effects of harmonic currents created by loads. The K-factor rating is an index of the transformers ability to withstand harmonic content while operating within the temperature limits of its insulating system.
5.1 PERFORMANCE

5.2 INSULATION LEVEL

5.2.1. The high-voltage insulation shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rated High Voltage (Volts)</th>
<th>BIL (kV)</th>
<th>Insulation Class (kV)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12470 Y</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.2.2. The low-voltage insulation level shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Low Voltage Rating (Volts)</th>
<th>BIL (kV)</th>
<th>Insulation Class (kV)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>480D/277</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>1.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.3 TEMPERATURE RISE LIMITS

The Temperature rise and loading conditions shall be in accordance with IEEE C57.12.00 section 5.11.

5.4 IMPEDANCE

The impedance voltage is the voltage required to circulate rated current through one of two specified windings of a transformer when the other winding is short-circuited, with the windings connected as for rated-voltage operation (IEEE C57.12.80).

In accordance with IEEE C57.12.00, section 9.2, the allowable impedance-voltage tolerance for any individual transformer shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KVA Rating</th>
<th>Impedance Voltage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>750 - 2500</td>
<td>5.75% ± 7.5% (5.3% to 6.2%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any unit that is outside of the tolerance shown will be rejected. There is no additional tolerance allowed on these values.

6.1 MATERIAL

6.2 Core and Coil Construction

The transformer coils shall be designed to maintain the nameplate kVA rating throughout the temperature range. All materials used shall be of the 65ºC (85ºC Hot Spot) Class and shall be thoroughly tested for compatibility with all transformer components before use in the design. Only thermally upgraded, one hundred percent conduction, particle tested kraft paper shall be used for secondary layer insulation. Provisions shall be made for securing the sheet windings and the primary windings in position during construction and for short-circuit conditions. The insulating paper shall be thermally cured under pressure, epoxy coated, diamond pattern type.

The core shall be manufactured with burr-free, grain-oriented silicon steel. Amorphous core shall not be permitted.

6.3 Core-Coil Assembly
The core and coil, after assembly, shall be mounted on a rigid steel frame, constructed in such a way as to hold the coil in a rigid position within the core window without placing undue stress on the core or short circuiting the laminations at any point.

The transformer shall be supplied with an electrostatic shield.

An electrostatic shield, in the form of a thin sheet of foil separating the primary from the secondary, can capacitively “short circuit” to ground spikes and noise arriving at the primary.

6.4 Tank

The transformer tank shall have high- and low-voltage cable terminating compartments. The transformer tank and compartment shall be of sufficient construction to conform to IEEE C57.12.28.

The tank shall be of sufficient strength to withstand an internal pressure of 7 psig without permanent distortion and 12 psig without permanent rupturing or displacing other components of the transformer or affecting cabinet security.

A one-inch pipe plug shall be provided, for filling, taking oil samples, and pressure testing. This plug shall be located in the lower left-hand corner of the high voltage compartment.

The tank cover may be either the bolted-on or welded-on type, as per IEEE C57.12.26. The welded-on cover shall have handhold(s) as per IEEE C57.12.26.

Tank grounding shall be as per IEEE C57.12.26.

All exterior nuts and bolts shall be of a corrosion-resistant material.

Oil restraining welds shall be horizontal and preferably robotically applied to limit weld oil leak and corrosion incidence.

Coolers shall be rigidly welded to the tank wall and only horizontal welding is allowed. Vertical or downhill welding is not allowed when affixing cooler banks to tank sides.

Front bottom sill shall be removable to allow for maintenance replacement if needed.

The transformer tank shall be of rectangular shape and shall only have internal bracing for structural rigidity to prevent external corrosion, reduce external welding and improve paint coverage, with the exception of units with cooling radiators. External bracing is not allowed.

Tank base must be entirely removable to allow for maintenance replacement if needed.

Radiators shall be supported on all corner edges with round bar support. Round bar support stock shall be welded and connected to each radiator fin corner.

The transformer shall be of sealed-tank construction, which seals the interior of the tank from the atmosphere and which ensures constant gas volume and oil volume. The transformer shall remain effectively sealed for a top-oil temperature range of -5°C to 105°C.
All required gaskets shall be made of high-temperature Viton.

The Vendor shall place all labels required by AE Distribution Construction Standard #1000-14, and shown in Attachments IV and IV-A, on the cabinet doors of each transformer. This includes the “3 in 1 - Danger High Voltage, One Call, Clearance Required,” "kVA Size," and "NO PCBS" labels.

6.5 Dielectric Fluid

The dielectric fluid shall be a natural ester fluid electrical insulating and cooling liquid. The Coolant shall be a listed less-flammable fluid meeting the requirements of National Electrical Code Section 450-23 and National Electric Safety Code, section 15. The fluid shall be Factory Mutual Approved and be UL Classified.

The Dielectric Fluid supplied with all transformers shall be in accordance with IEEE C57.147.

The PCB content in the dielectric fluid shall be less than 1 ppm. The PCB content shall be shown on the nameplate of the transformer. A decal shall be placed on the transformer in accordance with Attachments IV and IV A. The decal shall be colored blue with white lettering. The decal shall be 6" tall by 6" wide and shall have the precise wording, in capital letters, "NO PCBS".

The manufacturer shall provide with their Bid certification that all transformer components are compatible with Dielectric Fluid provided.

6.6 Doors

Only conventional vertical-hinged, two-door design is acceptable. Door shall have a recessed, captive penta-head bolt that secures all access to doors. Door hinges and pins shall be SST 304 and welded construction with minimum 3/8 inch, plus or minus 1/32 of an inch pin size. Maximum spacing from corners shall be 8 inches and max spacing from centerline to centerline of welded hinges shall be 24 inches. Hinges shall be welded to cabinet side wall and door and shall permit easy door removal without damage to the cabinet and door paint when removing the door. All other designs, including clam-shell and flip-top door designs, are not acceptable.

The high voltage compartment door shall have a 19/64" hole drilled in the upper left-hand corner 10" from the top and 10" from the left-hand side. This hole shall have a field removable plug so that the transformer will accommodate a fault indicator light. The plug shall be designed so that if the plug is not removed the integrity of the enclosure still complies with IEEE C57.12.28 and C57.12.28 requirements. (Attachment IV)

6.7 Primer and Paint

All primer and paint shall be lead-free. The enclosure security and coating system shall be as per IEEE C57.12.28, as a minimum requirement. In addition to this IEEE standard, the unit shall be painted Munsell Green, with a minimum thickness of 5 mils.

Before painting, all welds shall be cleaned to remove welding flux, spatter and scale. All surfaces shall be cleaned and pretreated with a phosphate coating. After cleaning a cathodic epoxy electrocoating shall be applied by complete immersion of all parts. A final top coat of a 2K Urethane shall be applied after external parts are assembled.
6.8 HIGH-VOLTAGE AND LOW-VOLTAGE COMPARTMENTS

Doors on the high-voltage and low-voltage compartments shall be of sufficient size to provide adequate working space when opened.

With the low-voltage compartment door opened or removed, adequate safeguards shall isolate the high-voltage compartment. The high-voltage compartment shall be accessible only by releasing a pentahead bolt to allow the compartment door to be opened, or by some other equally secure method. If an insulating material is used for the barrier, it shall be supported or braced on all sides with metal strips.

The compartments shall have the following minimum dimensions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KVA</th>
<th>HV Compartmend</th>
<th>LV Compartmend</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>75 - 2500</td>
<td>40.0” wide x 26.0” deep</td>
<td>30.0” wide x 26.0” deep</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The opening on the bottom of all transformers shall have the following minimum dimensions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KVA</th>
<th>HV Compartmend</th>
<th>LV Compartmend</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>75 - 2500</td>
<td>38.5” wide x 23.0” deep</td>
<td>28.5” wide x 23.0” deep</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.9 HANDLING AND MOUNTING FACILITIES

The transformer base shall be arranged for rolling in two directions, parallel to and at right angles to the centerline of the high-voltage bushings.

The lifting provision shall be in accordance with IEEE C57.12.26.

The base of the assembly shall be provided with a suitable flange to permit anchoring the unit on the pad from within the cable-terminating compartments.

The transformer and openings to the HV and LV compartments shall fit on Austin Energy’s standard transformer pad in accordance with Construction Standard document 1438-90 of Austin Energy’s Distribution Construction Standards Manual. The transformer shall completely cover all conduits and transformer shall not protrude over the pad edges.

7.1 ROUTINE AND DESIGN TESTS

7.2 Routine Tests

The manufacturer shall perform the routine tests, on all transformers, that are specified in Section 8 of IEEE C57.12.00. All testing shall be performed as per IEEE C57.12.90.

7.3 Design and Other Tests

The manufacturer is to perform the following design and other tests on all transformers, as per Section 8, Table 21 of IEEE C57.12.00: Lightning Impulse (BIL), No-Load Loss, Load Loss, Excitation Current, and Impedance Voltage. All testing shall be performed as per IEEE C57.12.90.

All transformers supplied to AE shall meet or exceed the efficiency values in accordance with the latest revision of Department of Energy CFR Title 10, Volume 3, Chapter II, Subchapter D, Part
431, Subpart K – “Energy Efficiency Program for Certain Commercial and Industrial Equipment” as applicable. Certified test data by serial number shall be provided with each transformer.

The lab shall not be affiliated directly with the manufacturer of the subject product(s). Tests performed on the product(s) shall be according to (ANSI STD). Test results shall indicate the exact product number that the tests were performed on.

7.4 REQUIRED INFORMATION

For each item, the Bidder shall supply the following information on the Bid Sheet (Section 0600):

7.4.1. Guaranteed No-Load Losses, in watts, corrected to 20°C: Those losses which are incident to the excitation of the transformer. They are the losses of the transformer excited at rated voltage and frequency, but not supplying load. No-load losses are to be measured as per IEEE C57.12.90.

7.4.2. Guaranteed Load Losses, in watts, corrected to 85°C: Those losses which are incident to the carrying of a specified load. They are the losses of the transformer excited at rated voltage, frequency, and current. Load losses are to be measured as per IEEE C57.12.90.

7.4.3. Bid Amount, per individual transformer.

7.5 ACCEPTANCE OF TRANSFORMER DELIVERY AND LOSSES EVALUATION

7.5.1. Manufacturer’s Test Report

Prior to the delivery of a transformer, the manufacturer shall provide a manufacturer’s test report to the AE Distribution Standards. The test report shall contain the information as shown in Attachment V.

AE will review each manufacturer’s test report and will either reject any transformer that does not meet the requirements of this specification or pay a reduced price for the transformer, as calculated by the method in section 6.4.3 of this specification.

In addition to inspections and tests on incoming raw material, parts, subcomponents, and subassemblies, the manufacturer shall have a finished product quality audit program to assure a well-designed, safe, reliable and durable finished product. Records shall be kept to determine the level of quality of products being manufactured and be made available to the Austin Energy upon request.

7.5.2. Incoming Inspection by AE

AE may test transformers at the point of delivery to verify and adjust, if necessary, the manufacturer’s test report data. AE will use the verified or adjusted data to assure compliance with this specification and to perform the transformer loss evaluation.

7.5.3. Transformer Loss Evaluation
In accordance with IEEE C57.12.00, section 9.3, actual losses on each individual transformer shall not exceed the manufacturer’s guaranteed losses by more than the following percentages:

a) No-Load Losses...........10%
   b) Total Losses...............6%

Any individual transformer having actual losses that exceed these limits will be subject to the following:

a) An immediate fee of $350.00
   b) Possible return of the transformer to the manufacturer, at the discretion of AE

Should AE elect to keep the transformer, a losses fee will be assessed on the individual transformer to offset the increased total owning cost of the high-loss transformer. The fee will be calculated according to the following formula:

\[
\text{Losses Fee} = (6.461/W)(\text{Measured No-Load Losses} - \text{Guaranteed No Load Losses}) \\
+ (3.379/W)(\text{Measured Load Losses} - \text{Guaranteed Load Losses})
\]

7.5.4. Impedance Voltage Evaluation

Any individual transformer having a voltage impedance that does not fall within the acceptable range given in Section 4.3 of this specification will not be accepted by AE and will be returned to the manufacturer at the manufacturer’s expense.

6.4.5 Any transformers not complying with Department of Energy efficiency ratings in accordance with section 6.2 of this specification shall be rejected.
ATTACHMENT I

MANUFACTURER IDENTIFICATION CODES

ABB - ABB
CM - Central Maloney
CP - Cooper
GE - General Electric
HI - Howard Industries
KU - Kuhlman
CG - CG Power Systems

The Manufacturer Identification Codes suggested above represent, in part, codes that are utilized for bar coding distribution transformers. The above listing does not represent a complete list of distribution transformer manufacturers.
ATTACHMENT II

ORIENTATION OF BAR CODE CHARACTERS

QUIET ZONE * Mfg. Serial Number * QUIET ZONE
ZONE I.D. Code

* Start/Stop Character

0.05L or 0.24”
ATTACHMENT IV

POLE APPARATUS
SIGNAGE
SIGNAGE-COGEN W-SEC VOLTAGE

1000-14D SIGNAGE-COGEN W-SEC VOLTAGE

TYPICAL SIGNAGE PLACEMENT

THREE IN ONE WARNING SIGN

CO-GENERATION DECAL

NORMAL OPEN
(ONLY USED WHEN TRANSFORMER IS SET TO NORMAL OPEN)

CIRCUIT NUMBER

TRANSFORMER
NUMBER

FAULT INDICATOR

CITY ID NUMBER

SIZE

KVA

FAULT INDICATOR LIGHT
(19/64" HOLE)

FAUL

CO-GEN ONLY
TYPE Y-Δ XFMR
480 Δ/277

NO
PCBS

FAULT INDICATOR

CO-GEN ONLY
TYPE Y-Δ XFMR
480 Δ/277

NO
PCBS

NORMAL OPEN
(ONLY USED WHEN TRANSFORMER IS SET TO NORMAL OPEN)

CIRCUIT NUMBER

TRANSFORMER
NUMBER

FAULT INDICATOR

CITY ID NUMBER

SIZE

KVA

FAULT INDICATOR LIGHT
(19/64" HOLE)
ATTACHMENT IV A

TYPICAL EXTERNAL SIGNAGE MATERIAL
REQUIREMENTS OF 3-PHASE PAD-MOUNTED
TRANSFORMERS

“NO PCB" decal: 6 inch X 6 inch, blue. Base Film: 0.0035-inch cast polyvinyl chloride, with UV inhibitors as per MIL-M-22106A. Cyasorb UV-9 light absorber C14H1203. Gloss 80 UL 94 rated. Over lamination: 002PVF (polyvinyl fluoride) tedlar UV screening film from E.I. Dupont. Cold-seal bonded. Adhesive: 0.002-inch permanent acrylic hi-tack, with high-temperature-resistant Elasticisors for adhesion at 40 deg. F. PSTC test method: #1 modified for a 15 minute dwell time, with 2 mils of adhesive, 56 oz/inch width rating. Ink: Silkscreen type 4, with automotive grade pigments and binders, 0.0004-inch thick +/-0.0001, inch high pigment volume concentration total PVC 40-50 (copper phthalocyanines). Liner: 0.0007-inch +/-0.001-inch Kraft, coated one side chemical resistant. Salt spray 240 hours 5%, at 100 degrees, with no blistering, color change, or other material degradation. No effect when immersed in diesel fuel, motor oil, anti-freeze, detergent 2%, ammonium hydroxide (12% and 39%), kerosene, acetic acid, acetone and water. Service temperature range: -40 to +170 degrees F. Minimum lifetime exterior durability of 15 years from installation date with proper surface preparation.
Approved Manufacturer or equal: Mitrographers, catalog number COA-001

“SIZE KVA" decal: width as required, 2 7/8 inches tall, Engineer Grade, adhesive reflective vinyl. Yellow numbers, black background.

“SIZE SECONDARY” decal: width as required, 2-7/8 inches tall, Engineer Grade, adhesive reflective vinyl. Yellow numbers on Black Background.

“3 in 1” decal: Dimensions will be approximately 10” wide X 10.5” tall. The sign shall be worded as follows:
WARNING To Report Problems Call (512) 322-9100 HIGH VOLTAGE Hazardous voltage inside. Can shock, burn or cause death. Keep out if open or unlocked, immediately call electric power and light company.
ADVERTENCIA Para Reportar Problemas Llame al: (512) 322-9100 ALTA TENSION Contiene voltaje peligroso. Puede producir descarga o sacudida eléctrica, quemaduras o ausr muerte. Prohibida la entrada. si está abierto o sin llave, inmediatamente llame a la central eléctrica. WARNING To Report Problems Call: (512) 322-9100
Keep shrubs and structures at least 10 feet away from this side of equipment for safe utility maintenance and operation. ADVERTENCIA Para Reportar Problemas Llame al: (512) 322-9100 Mantenga arbusos y construcción por lo menos a 10 pies de distancia de este lado del equipo para seguridad en el mantenimiento y operación. ONE CALL SYSTEM of TEXAS 1-800-545-6005 CALL BEFORE YOU DIG IT’S THE LAW UNA LLAMADA SISTEMA de TEXAS 1-800-545-6005 LLAME ANTES DE EXCAVAR ES LA LEY.
Base film: .0035 cast polyvinylchloride with uv inhibitors mil-m-22106a, (cyasorb uv-9 light absorber c14h1203). Gloss 80 ul 94 rated. Over lamination: .002pvf (polyvinylfluoride). Tedlar uv screening film from e.i. dupont. Cold seal bonded. Adhesive .002 permanent acrylic hi-tack with high temperature resistant elasticisors for adhesion at 40 degrees f. Pstc test method: #1 modified for a 15 min dwell time with 2 mils of adhesive 56 oz/inch width rating. Ink: silkscreen type 4 with automotive grade pigments and binders .0004” thick dry +/- .0001” high pigment volume concentration total pvc 40-50 (copper phthalocyanines). Liner: .0007” +/- .001” kraft coated one side. Chemical resistance: salt spray 240 hours 5% at 100 degrees f if no blistering, color change, or other material degradation. No effect when immersed in diesel fuel, motor oil, anti-freeze, detergent 2%, ammonium hydroxide (12% and 39%), kerosene, acetic acid, acetone and water. Service temperature range: -40 to +170 degrees f. Labels shall have a two year shelf life and a minimum lifetime exterior durability of 15 years from installation date with proper surface preparation. All stick on signs will have a written guarantee of no fading or pealing for 15 years or they will be replaced in field free of charge.
Approved Manufacturer or equal: Uticom, no catalog number
Electro mark, no catalog number
Mitrographers, no catalog number

“Y-A XFMR” decal: width as required, 2 7/8 inches tall, Engineer Grade, adhesive reflective vinyl. Yellow numbers with black background.

“CO-GEN ONLY” decal: width as required, 2 7/8 inches tall, Engineer Grade, adhesive reflective vinyl. Yellow numbers, black background.
**ATTACHMENT V**

**AUSTIN ENERGY TRANSFORMER TEST REPORT FORM**

(insert name of manufacturer)

**CERTIFIED TRANSFORMER TEST REPORT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VENDOR NAME:</th>
<th>MANUFACTURER ORDER NUMBER:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VENDOR PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER:</td>
<td>MFG CATALOGUE NUMBER:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUSTIN ENERGY PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER:</td>
<td>MFG DRAWING NUMBER:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUSTIN ENERGY STOCK NUMBER:</td>
<td>TEST DATE:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
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<tr>
<th>SHIP DATE:</th>
<th>TYPE</th>
<th>PHASE</th>
<th>FREQUENCY</th>
<th>KVA</th>
<th>LOW VOLTAGE</th>
<th>HIGH VOLTAGE</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANSI 1</td>
<td>3PH</td>
<td>60 Hz</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SERIAL NUMBER</th>
<th>PERCENT</th>
<th>EXCITING IMPEDANCE</th>
<th>MEASUR ED NO-LOAD LOSS</th>
<th>MEASUR ED LOAD LOSS</th>
<th>MEASUR ED TOTAL LOSS</th>
<th>80% PF</th>
<th>100% PF B/L (KV)</th>
<th>EFF %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**GUARANTEED LOSSES:**

**NOTES:**

1) Losses are measured at 100% of rated voltage. No-load loss data corrected to 20°C. Load Loss data corrected to 85°C.
2) All transformers were manufactured using insulating fluid containing less than 1 PPM PCB. ASTM D4059 Test Certification available.
3) The winding temperature rise above ambient temperature does not exceed 65°C.
4) Exciting current is measured at 100% rated load.
5) All transformers listed have received and passed the following test, in accordance with ANSI/IEEE C57.12.00, latest edition: Continuity, Ratio, Leak, Polarity and Phase Relationship, Routine Impulse, Induced Voltage, Applied Voltage.

THE MANUFACTURER CERTIFIES THAT THIS TEST REPORT IS A TRUE AND ACCURATE RECORD OF FINAL PRODUCTION-LINE TEST THAT WERE CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT ANSI TRANSFORMER TEST STANDARDS, AND THAT THE ABOVE TRANSFORMERS WITHSTOOD THESE TESTS.

**NAME OF CERTIFYING INDIVIDUAL: **