AFFORDABLE ENERGY POLICY SUMMIT





AT&T Executive Education & Conference Center 1900 University Avenue 9:00am - 4:30pm



AFFORDABLE ENERGY 2017 POLICY SUMMIT

Austin Water

Ginny Guerrero
Community Engagement Specialist



Where does Austin's drinking water come from?

- A. Edwards Aquifer
- B. Colorado River
- C. Barton Springs
- D. A well

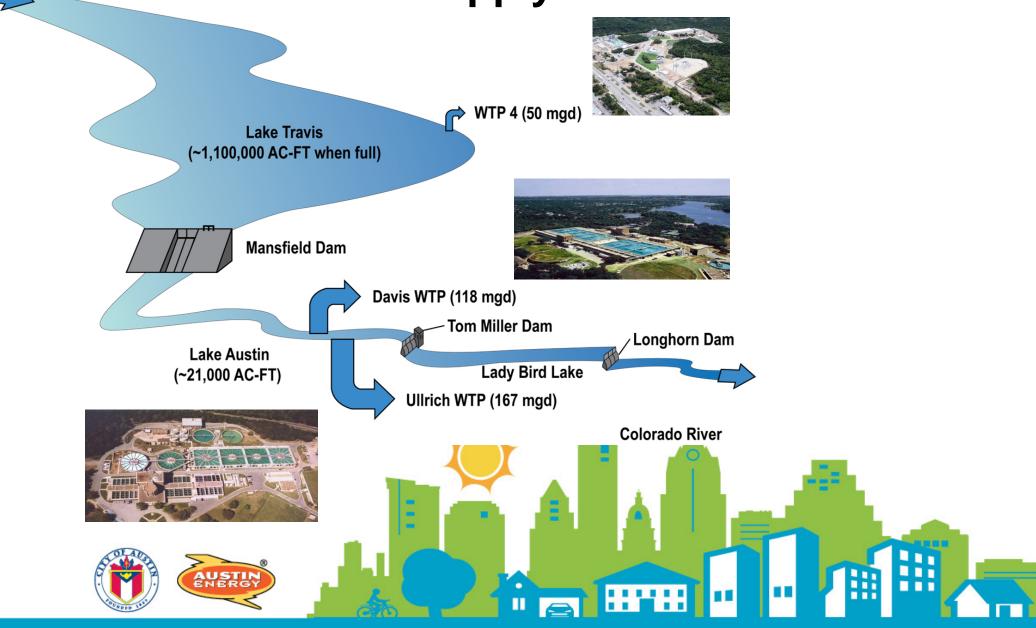


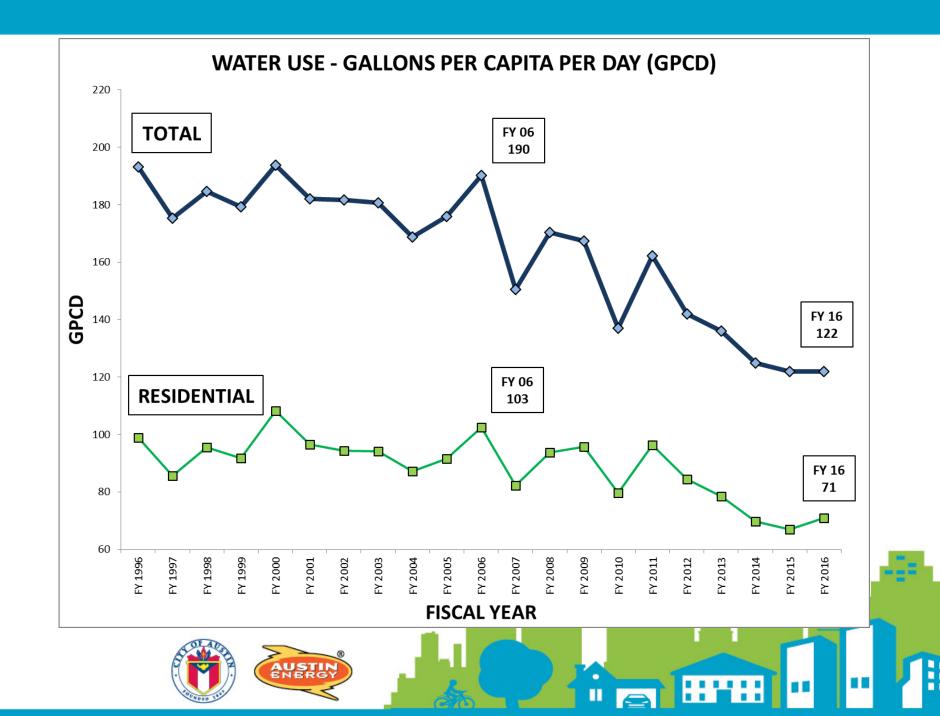
About Austin Water

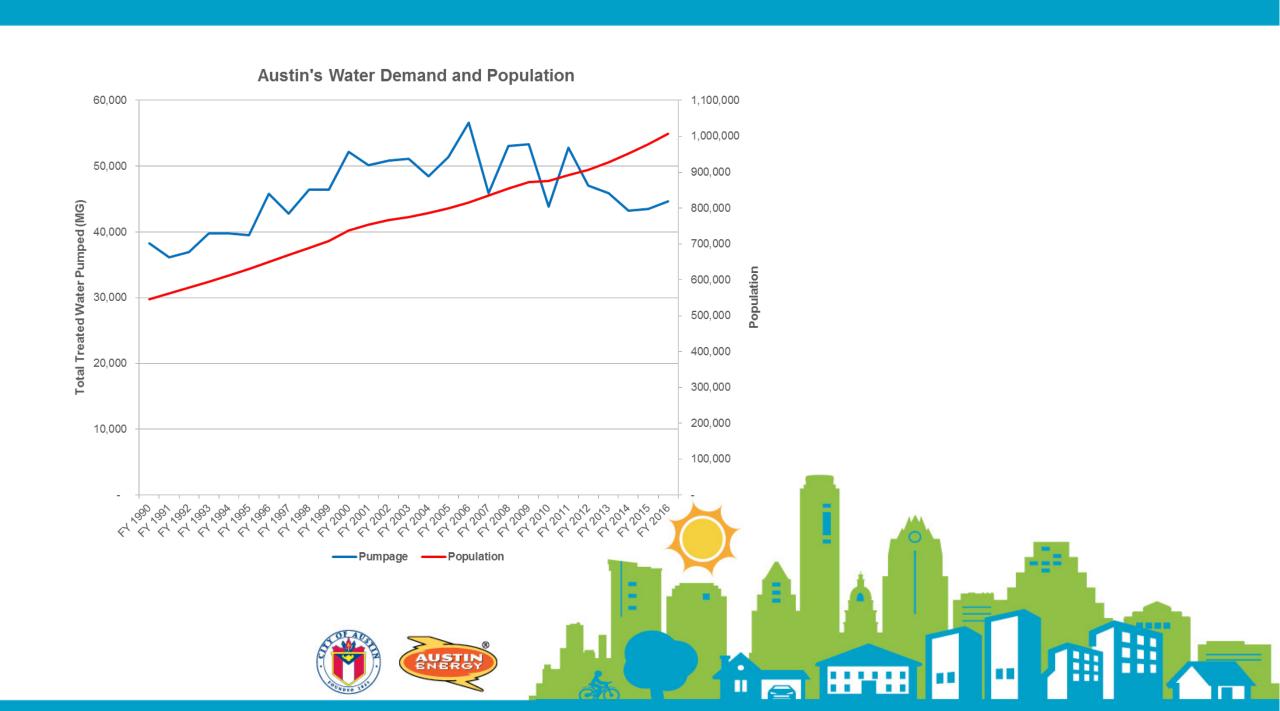
- 100% surface water from Lower Colorado River
 - Firm water rights backed by stored water contract up to 325,000 acre-feet
 - Prepayment agreement up to 201,000 acre-feet
 - 2014 withdrawal ~ 136,000 acre-feet
- Large metropolitan utility
 - 548 square miles
 - 200,000+ connections
 - Just reached 1,000,000 customers!
 - 1,100+ employees



Austin's Water Supply



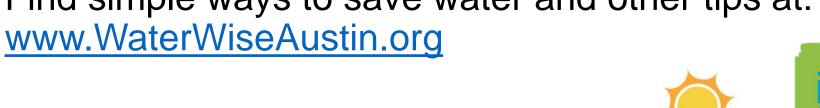




Water Conservation

- Water Use Restrictions (Currently in Conservation Stage)
 - Once a week watering schedule for automatic irrigation systems
 - Twice a week for hose-end sprinkler systems
 - Watering allowed anytime with handheld hose

Find simple ways to save water and other tips at:





CONSERVATION STAGE



AUTOMATIC IRRIGATION

Even Address: Thursday Odd Address: Wednesday



HOSE-END SPRINKLERS

Even Address: Thurs, Sun Odd Address: Wed, Sat



Midnight - 10 AM, 7 PM - Midnight



Tree Bubblers, Hand-Held Hose, Drip Irrigation: Any Day/Any Time



Home Car Wash Allowed with Bucket or Auto Shut-Off Hose

FOR MORE INFO: waterwiseaustin.org









Residential Water Conservation

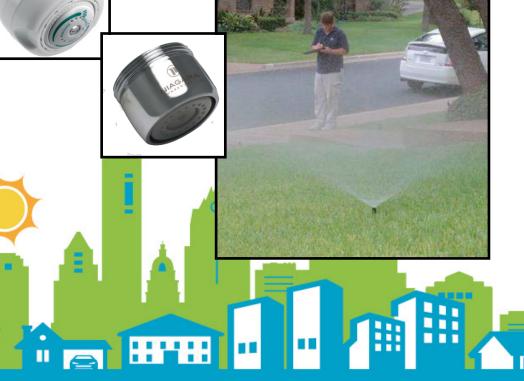
Incentive Programs

- Rainwater Harvesting Rebate
- WaterWise Landscape Rebate
- Landscape Survival Tools (Mulch, Compost, Aeration)
- WaterWise Raingarden Rebate
- Pressure Regulating Valve (PRV) Rebate
- Irrigation System Rebates
- Watering Timer Rebate
- Pool Cover Rebate
- Commercial Customer Rebates

Free Equipment

- Showerheads & Aerators
- Drought Toolkit (Soil moisture meters, Treegators)
- hose meters, sunlight meters (check out from library)









Leak Detection

- Indications of a customer leak include:
 - Meter registers usage when all water "turned off"
 - High bill
 - Wet or greener areas in yard, visible drips, pooled water
 - Running toilet
- Repair leaks quickly
- Contact COA Utilities Contact Center 512-494-9400
 - Some leaks may qualify for a billing adjustment
 - Adjustments request must be sent within 90 days of leak repair





Unexplained High Water Use

City

- Validate Meter Read
- Review Bill Data
- Check at Meter for Leak Indication
- Irrigation System Audit
 - ≥ 25,000 gallons in 1 month or
 - ≥ 20,000 gallons for 2 consecutive months

Customer

- Toilet Check / Dye Test
- Check Property / Appliances for Leaks
- Review Water Use Changes on the property
- Check read on meter with Bill Read
- Log daily/weekly Water Use
- Use Austin Water "water use" calculator: www.ci.Austin.tx.us/water/watercon/calculator.cfm













High Water Bills

- Possible reasons for a high bill include:
 - Leak
 - Higher water usage, e.g. irrigation, outside watering
 - High wastewater average
- Call COA Utilities Contact Center for any billing questions or disputes (Call within 90 days of disputed bill.)
- Very high, unexplained usage may qualify for Administrative Adjustment www.austintexas.gov/highwaterbill



DO YOU KNOW HOW

Administrative Adjustment

Ordinance No. 20160519-003

- Gives Austin Water the ability to make an adjustment due to unexplainable high usage
- To qualify a customer must
 - Call within 90 days of disputed bill
 - No previous adjustments within the last 24 months
 - Be a Single family residential customer with 12 months of billing history at the address
 - Have been billed for water usage greater than or equal to 3 times normal use

Wastewater Averaging

- Water use during winter months determines wastewater charges for the year for residential customers
 - Wastewater averaging period: 3 months between mid-November to mid-March
 - Specific dates of averaging period depends on billing cycle
 - Reminders printed on billing statement

CONSERVE WATER DURING WINTER MONTHS



Assistance for Low-Income Customers

- Tiered Rates provide low cost water for low volume users
- Certain residential customers may qualify for:
 - Waiver of Monthly Meter Equivalent Minimum Charge
 - Waiver of Tiered Minimum Charge Waiver
 - Lower Customer Assistance Program Volume Unit Charges
- Low income home water and energy efficiency assistance programs in partnership with Austin Energy and Texas Gas Co.



Tips to Avoid Unwanted Costs

- Only City of Austin personnel are authorized to turn water service on or off at the meter
- When renting, check terms of your lease to see who is responsible for leaks
- Call COA Utilities to stop utility service as soon as you move out
- Check your monthly water usage each month, especially if on levelized/budget billing



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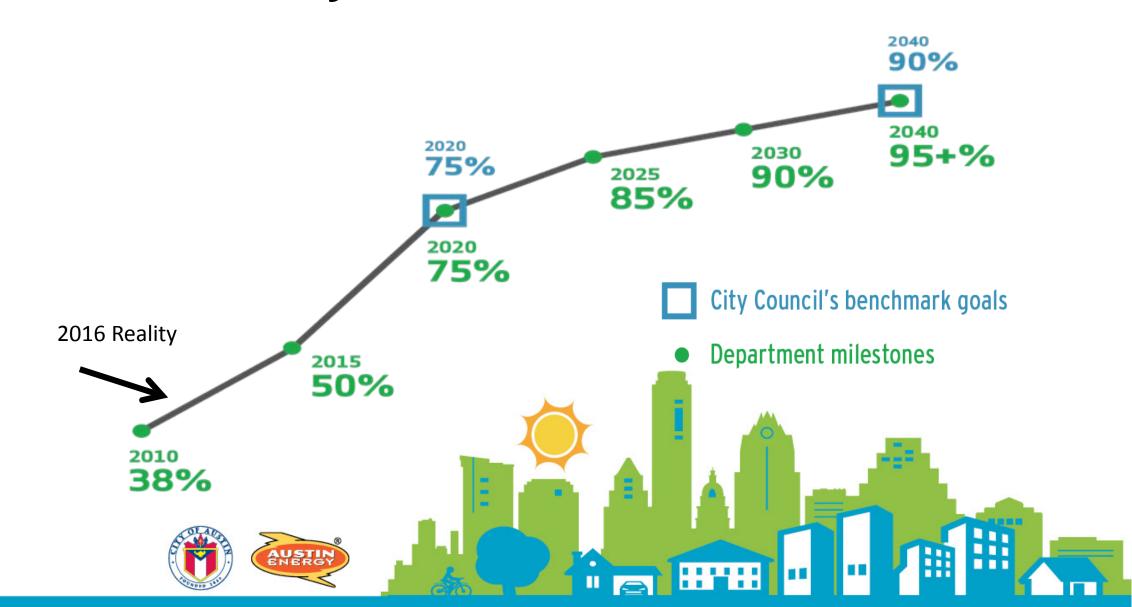
Austin Resource Recovery

Memi Cardenas
Public Information Specialist

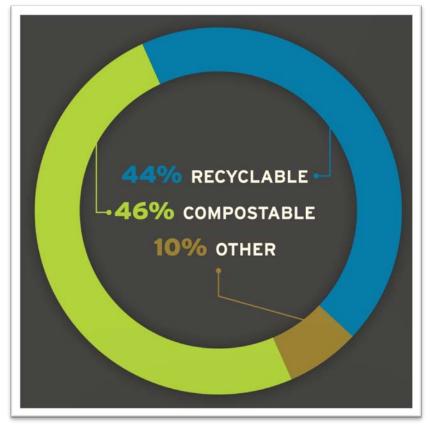
Achieving Zero Waste in Austin



Zeor Waste: 90% by 2040



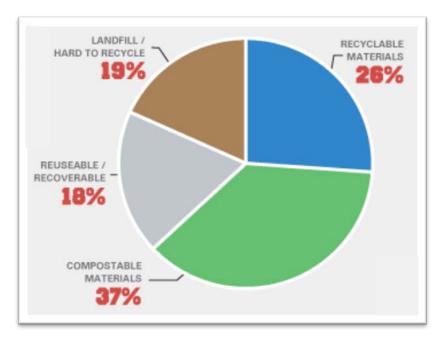
Residential Waste Study







Universal Waste Study







Curbside Services Rates



Trash & Recycling Collection



- Weekly Trash collection
- Every-other-week Recycling collection
- Special services available to move cart from house to curb and back



Yard Trimmings Collection



- Weekly yard trimmings collection
- Place yard trimmings and small brush into brown kraft yard bags







Bulk Collection



- Twice yearly collection
- Customers notified several weeks in advance via direct mail postcard







Large Brush Collection



- Twice yearly collection
- Customers notified several weeks in advance via direct mail postcard





Street Sweeping & Dead Animal Collection



- Residential streets swept six times per year
- Major streets swept once per month
- Dead animals removed from public right of ways







AUSTIN RESOURCE RECOVERY RECYCLE **REUSE** DROP-OFF CENTER



ReBlend Paint





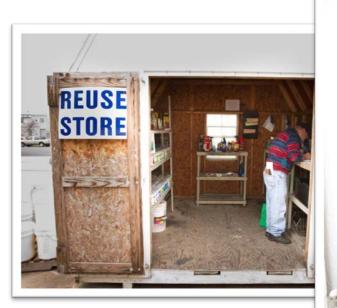








ReUse Store













Curbside Organics Pilot



- Paper bags and Paper To-Go containers
- Yard Trimmings and Wood
- All Food Waste
- Cardboard







AFFORDABLE ENERGY 2017 POLICY SUMMIT

Austin Code

Robert Moore Assistant Division Manger



What We Do



Provide quality education and enforcement of City codes and ordinances so that Austin will be a more livable City.

- Balance code compliance and code enforcement
- Maintain the minimum standard of code
- Preserve quality of life
- Prevent unsafe and hazardous conditions
- Partner with Neighborhoods, Non-Profits and other government agencies



Compliance

Complaint received via 3-1-1; If there is no violation, assigned to Code Officer case is closed **Appeal Options:** Appeal to Code Official Appeal to Building and Standards Commission If violation is found, Code Officer issues Determination Appeal to **notice of violation** with timeline to comply Board of Adjustment Variance Request to Board of Adjustment

- We want compliance!
- Most Substandard **Condition Violations** have a 30 Day Time Frame With Extensions Depending on Violation.



If compliance is achieved,

case is closed

Enforcement

Legal action may include:

Municipal Court:

- · Zoning and substandard violations
- Issues citations and affidavits for Class C misdemeanors
- Operates under the Criminal Court process

Building & Standards Commission:

- All IPMC and substandard and dangerous housing violations
- BSC may issue order to repair, vacate, secure, or demolish & apply civil penalties if not completed

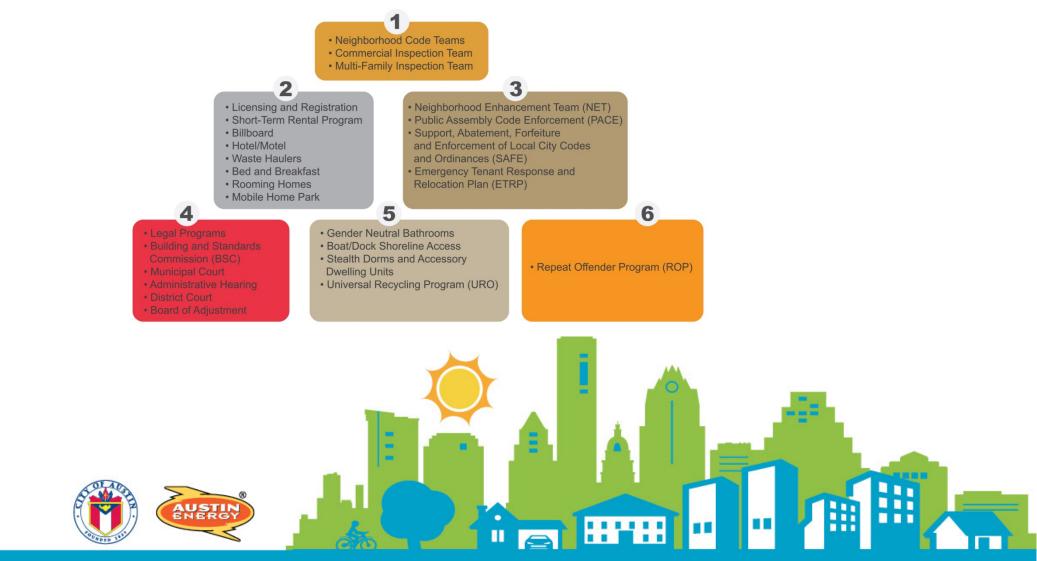
Administrative Hearing Process:

- All IPMC and substandard and dangerous housing violations
- Issues administrative citations
- Operates under the Civil Process

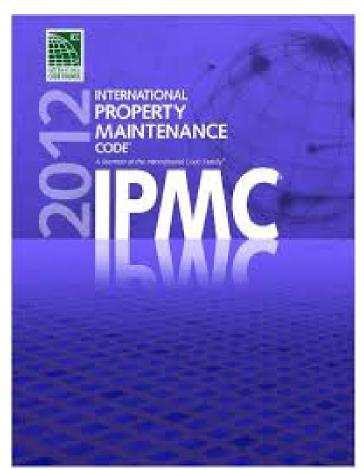
- If you have difficulty getting approval from the owner what do you do??
- If Compliance is Not Achieved it Could Go to District Court.



How We Do It



Identifying The International Property Maintenance Code



• IPMC – International Property Maintenance Code. book of codes used to create a certain standard for existing buildings that will need maintenance while aging.

1998 – First Edition Published.

- 2010 City of Austin Adopted the 2009 IPMC Edition Replacing the Housing Code.
- 2012- Current Edition Being Enforced.







Identifying The International Property Maintenance Code



ICC – International Code Council Member focused association that develops model codes and standards.

1994 – ICC was established.

Their codes are created to help protect public health, safety, and welfare.

*Fun Fact – Most technical codes the City uses are adopted from the ICC except Plumbing and Mechanical.



10 Common Substandard Conditions

- 1) No Hot Water
- 2) A/C Not Cooling
- 3) Heater Not Heating
- 4) Non-Functional or Missing Smoke Alarm
- 5) Bedbug/Roach/Rodent Infestation
- 6) Damaged Interior Wall
- 7) Trip Hazards
- 8) Damaged Windows
- 9) Ceiling Leak
- 10) Electrical Outlet(s) Not Working







No Hot Water

 Section 505.4 Water Heating **Facilities**. Water heating facilities shall be properly installed, maintained and capable of providing an adequate amount of water to be drawn at every required sink, lavatory, bathtub, shower and laundry facility at a minimum temperature of 110 degrees Fahrenheit.





A/C Not Cooling



• Section 603.1 Mechanical Appliances.
All mechanical appliances, fireplaces, solid fuel-burning appliances, cooking appliances and water heating appliances shall be properly installed and maintained in a safe working condition, and shall be capable of performing the intended function.







Heater Not Heating



Section 602.2 Residential
 Occupancies. Dwellings shall be provided with heating facilities capable of maintaining a room temperature of 68 degrees

 Fahrenheit in all habitable rooms, bathrooms and toilet rooms.







Inoperable or Missing Smoke Alarms

Section 704.2 Smoke Alarms.

Single- or multiple-station smoke alarms shall be installed and maintained in Group R or I-1 occupancies, regardless of occupant load at all of the following locations:

- 1. On the ceiling or wall outside of each separate sleeping area in the immediate vicinity of bedrooms.
- 2. In each room used for sleeping purposes.
- 3. In each story within a dwelling unit, including basements and cellars but not including crawl spaces and uninhabitable attics.





Bedbug/Roach/Rodent Infestation



Section 309.1 Infestation.

All structures shall be kept free from insect and rodent infestation. All structures in which insects or rodents are found shall be promptly exterminated by approved processes that will not be injurious to human health. After pest elimination, proper precautions shall be taken to prevent reinfestation.



Damaged Interior Wall



Section 305.3 Interior Surfaces.
 All interior surfaces, including windows and doors, shall be maintained in good, clean and sanitary condition. Peeling, chipping, flaking or abraded paint shall be repaired, removed or covered. Cracked or loose plaster, decayed wood and other defective surface conditions shall be corrected.



Trip Hazards



 Section 305.4 Stairs and Walking Surfaces. Every stair, ramp, landing, balcony, porch, deck or other walking surface shall be maintained in sound condition and good repair.



Damaged Window

Section 304.13 Window,
Skylight and Door Frames.
Every window, skylight, door and frame shall be kept in sound condition, good repair and weather tight.

304.13.1 Glazing. All glazing materials shall be maintained free from cracks and holes.





Ceiling Leak



• Section 304.7 Roofs and Drainage. The roof and flashing shall be sound, tight and not have defects that admit rain. Roof drainage shall be adequate to prevent dampness or deterioration in the walls or interior portion of the structure.

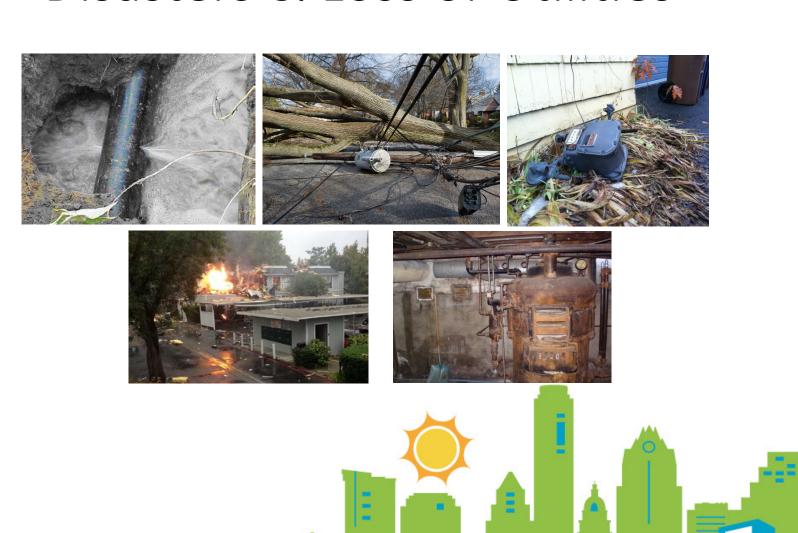
Electrical Outlets Not Working



 Section 604.3 Electrical System Hazards. Where it is found that the electrical system in a structure constitutes a hazard to the occupants or the structure by reason of inadequate service, improper fusing, insufficient receptacle and lighting outlets, improper wiring or installation, deterioration or damage, or for similar reasons, the code official shall require the defects to be corrected to eliminate the hazard.



Disasters & Loss of Utilities



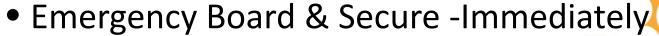




Disasters & Loss of Utilities

Expectations During Damages & Repairs:

- Imminent Danger One Day Compliance
 - Hazmat Chemicals
 - Collapsing Structure
 - Exposed Wiring, etc.
- Dangerous Three Day Compliance
 - Unsecured Pool
 - Sewage Leak
 - Damaged Stair Treads, etc.







Disaster & Loss of Utilities



Accommodations:

- Hotel/Motel
- Vacant unit onsite or at a sister location
- Provide drinking water
- Portable space heater
- Temporary window unit















Disaster & Loss of Utilities



• Bathroom Trailer







Repeat Offender Program



Repeat Offender §4-14-1

History

- June 6 Rental Registration Resolution 49
- June 6 Repeat Offender Program Resolution 50
- Sept. 26 2013 | 50 adopted
- Oct. 7 2013 | Repeat Offender Ordinance goes into effect
 - 4 FTE approved by Council for Multi-Family Inspection Team
 - FTE hired and trained
 - ROP developed
- Jan. 2014 ROP Fully Implemented
- Nov. 2014 Amended by Council
- Remove habitability
- 12 to 24 months
- Added conditions
- Jan. 2015 Changes are implemented by Austin Code





Overview

Ordinance Requirements

All single-family and multifamily rental properties that have received numerous health and safety complaints within 24 consecutive months are required to register with the City of Austin Repeat Offender Program.



Single-Family Property

Property used for single family residential, single-family attached, and two-family residential (duplexes, garage apartments, townhomes, garden homes, etc.).



Multi-Family Property

Property used for three or more dwelling units, within one or more buildings (apartments, condos, etc.)







Overview

Ordinance Requirements

A rental registration is required for multi-family and single-family rental properties (not occupied by the owner) if they have received the following within 24 consecutive months at the same property:

- or more separate notices of violation are issued for the same property within a consecutive 24 month period and the owner of the property fails to correct the violations within the time frame required by the code official.
- or more separate notices of violation issued on separate days for the same property within a 24 period regardless of whether the violation was corrected or not.
- or more citations are issued for the same property within a 24 consecutive months.





Overview



What types of conditions are considered a violation?

Rental properties with multiple code violations are required to register with the repeat offender program.



Process

IDENTIFY

REVIEW

REGISTER

NOTIFY

INSPECT

- Code staff identifies and refers property to the ROP committee as a candidate for the Repeat Offender Program.
- The ROP committee reviews the property and determines whether the property meets the ordinance requirements.
- If eligible, the property is submitted to the Code Licensing and Registration Team. The property owner is required to register within 14 days or appeal to the Director of the Code Department.
- Properties are automatically registered after 14 days
- \$100 application fee for each property
- The public is notified of registered properties via online reporting tools and distribution methods such as: the Austin Code website, media, quarter reports and social media.
- The Code Multi-family team conducts periodic inspections of all registered properties.



Challenges/Successes

Challenges

- Impact to tenant quality of life during renovations and relocations
- Judicial process is long and deliberate
- Requires balanced enforcement unintended displacement
- License revocation/suspension may effect affordability and access to affordable units
- Limited ROP program resources
- Puts a great financial burden on ownership
- Requires additional staff when increasing the amount of properties on the program.

Successes

- Cases are well documented and investigated in detail during the court process
- Four properties have graduated been removed from the program
- Creates a deterrent for reputable ownership that care about their properties image.
- Brings more attention to the property from ownership when the problem could be poor management.
- Shows the community that the City cares about holding owners responsible for increasing living conditions





Questions?

